

Cornell Notes

1

Name Ashley Martinez

Date 9/1/11

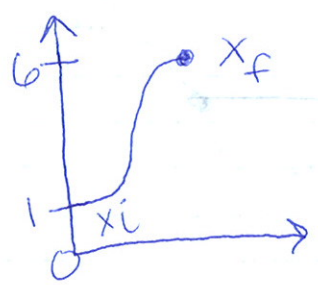
Topic Acceleration

Class/Subject Physics

Quiz

HW Check

11:15am



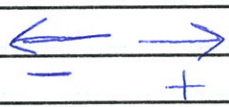
Tomomow 9/2/11
on 2 past hw assignments

1) Displacement $\Delta x = x_f - x_i$

Total distance = $6.0m$

$x_f = 6.0m$ $x_i = 1.0m$

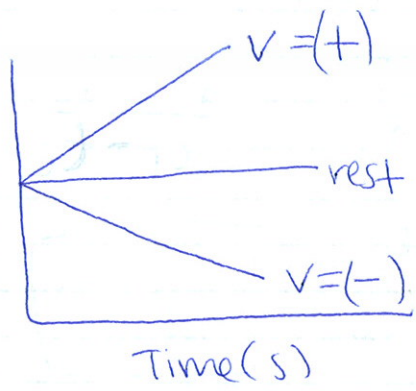
$\Delta x = 6.0m - 1.0m = +5.0m$
Vector



- magnitude (numerical value)
- direction (+, -)

2) Slope

Position (m)



11:30am

3) Parallel Line @ rest

Positive velocity : up
Negative velocity : down

5a) V decreasing $(0 \text{ to } +)$; $(+ \text{ to } +)$; $(+ \text{ to } -)$

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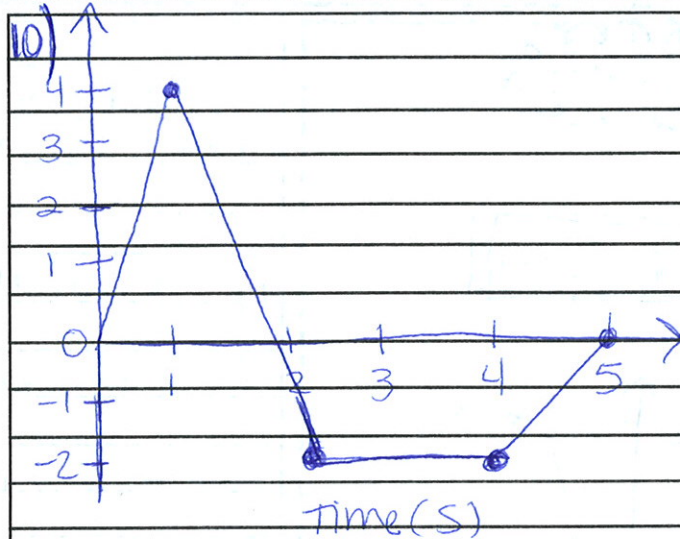
Topic

Class/
Subject

Total distance = 0m

$$\Delta x = 0m$$

Position (m)



Displacement :

$$\Delta x = x_f - x_i$$

$$\Delta x = -2 - 0$$
$$\Delta x = -2.0m$$

10 B) average velocity

$$v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_f - x_i}{t_f - t_i}$$

$$\Delta x = -2.0$$
$$\Delta t = 3 \text{ sec}$$
$$= \frac{-2}{3} \text{ m/s}$$

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Topic Acceleration

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Acceleration objectives :

11:52
am

Acceleration -

is the rate at which velocity changes over time.

$$a_{avg} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t_f - t_i}$$

average acceleration

= change in velocity
time required for change

An object accelerates if its speed, direction or both change.

Acceleration has direction + magnitude. Thus, acceleration is a vector quantity.

Units for Acceleration

$$m/s^2$$

meters per seconds²

$$a_{avg} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{m/s}{s} = \frac{m}{s \cdot s} =$$

$$\frac{m}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{s} = \boxed{\frac{m}{s^2}}$$

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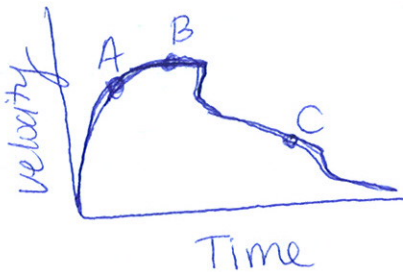
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Changes in Velocity



Consider a train moving to the right, so that the displacement and the velocity are positive.

The slope of the velocity-time graph is the average acceleration

When velocity in the positive direction is increasing, the acceleration is positive, as at (A.)

When the velocity is constant there is no acceleration, as at (B)

When the velocity in the positive direction is decreasing, the acceleration is negative, as at (C)

Velocity +
acceleration

v_i	a	Δx	Motion
+	+		speeding up
-	-		speeding up
+	-		slowing down
-	+		slowing down
- or +	0		constant velocity
0	- or +		speeding up from rest
0	0		remaining @ rest